How to simulate ion CT with the new python-based Geant4 Monte Carlo software GATE 10

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Examples of Monte Carlo codes

Multi-purpose:

• Geant4, FLUKA, MCNP, ...

Applications built on top of Geant4:

• TOPAS

• GATE version 9.x

• new GATE 10

Application/physics specific:

- EGS (Electron, photon)
- Penelope (electron, photon)
- MCsquare (proton therapy)
- FRED (mainly fast dose calculation)
- **GGEMS**

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Particle transport simulation Step-wise propagation of a particle across a medium



Particle transport simulation Patient = complex heterogeneous geometry

Example: Dose calculation

Primary particle



Patient geometry usually parametrized via 3D discretized image: x-ray CT image

Ingredients of a Monte Carlo Simulation



Physics (interactions of particles with the target, nuclear decay)

Output information about physics (dose, particle distribution, detector signal)

Geometry (objects, beamline, patient ...



Ingredients: Closer look

Output information about physics

Examples:

- Accumulate dose deposited inside a small cylinder inside a water box
- Record position and direction of all particles crossing a plane
- Record light output of a scintillator ... and apply post-processing chain
- Record all prompt gammas generated by a lacksquareproton beam



"Actors" in GATE

Mechanism:

Hook into the stepwise particle transport





GATE is the blender to mix the ingredients

Geant4 is the motor that makes the blender turn

How does GATE 10 work?

```
import opengate as gate
```

```
sim = gate.Simulation()
```

```
cm = gate.g4_units.cm
mm = gate.g4_units.mm
MeV = gate.g4_units.MeV
```

```
waterbox = sim.add_volume("Box", "Waterbox")
waterbox.size = [40 * cm, 40 * cm, 40 * cm]
waterbox.translation = [0 * cm, 0 * cm, 25 * cm]
waterbox.material = "G4_WATER"
```

```
source = sim.add_source("GenericSource", "Default")
source.particle = "proton"
source.energy.mono = 150 * MeV
source.position.radius = 10 * mm
source.direction.type = "momentum"
source.direction.momentum = [0, 0, 1]
source.n = 20000
```

```
dose = sim.add_actor("DoseActor", "dose")
dose.attached_to = waterbox
dose.size = [200, 200, 200]
dose.spacing = [2 * mm, 2 * mm, 2 * mm]
```

sim.run()

Write a few lines in python for geometry, source, physics, output recording

Execute the python script

Done

Easy for users in our field

Can be run in interactive python terminal, e.g. jupyter notebook



GATE 10 under the hood



Geant4 binding from C++ to Python (expose functions, classes) ; pybind11

Core classes (running): source, scorers etc

User UI (initialisation)

Courtesy of David Sarrut



GATE 10 under the hood

Setup simulation: Volumes, sources, actors, physics etc.

GATE 10 starts "engines" and creates Geant4 objects via the library interface

Geant4 executes the simulation via the G4RunManager

GATE 10 releases all G4 objects, destroys the G4RunManager, and closes the engines

Output is available on python side



Example of "Monte Carlo Simulation"...





Let's look at some code

Dynamic parametrisations



• Typical examples: moving geometry, moving phantom (e.g. breathing patient)

Dynamic parametrisations

Simple code example: rotating target



Let's go back to the code

Repeated volumes

Repeating identical volumes is very simple in GATE 10.

Example: Scintillator strips in an ion CT tracker

Construct a 1D array of box volumes:



strip width in mm = 0.5mm = gate.g4 units.mm strips.size = [strip width in mm * mm, 3 * mm, 100 * mm]

strips.translation =





* mm, 0, 0] for t in np.arange(-20, 20, strip width in mm)]

GATE creates multiple Geant4 Physical Volumes for the same GATE volume.

Ion CT Reconstruction pipeline

Single tracking = list-mode operation; pseudo-realistic

1 ROOT file per tracker



Add uncertainties

Single tracking = list-mode operation; realistic

1 ROOT file per strip



Combine into 1 file per tracker

Integrated mode operation, e.g. with a flat panel

Sinogram directly available





Tomographic reconstruction

Software for CT reconstruction: RTK (PCT), Iterative codes



Store simulation as JSON

Here is what you can do in GATE 10:



sim.run()

of the simulation.

Caveat: Does not work for actors and sources so far.

This will create a structured, human-readable text file in JSON format at the end

Store simulation as JSON

Screenshot of example simulation JSON file:

}, },

```
"user_info": {"name": "simulation"...},
"object_type": "Simulation",
"object_type_full": "<class 'opengate.managers.Simulation'>",
"class_module": "opengate.managers",
"i_am_a_gate_object": true,
"volume_manager": {
    "user_info": {"name": "VolumeManager"...},
    "object_type": "VolumeManager",
    "object_type_full": "<class 'opengate.managers.VolumeManager'>",
    "class_module": "opengate.managers",
    "i_am_a_gate_object": true,
    "volumes": {
        "world": {"object_type": "BoxVolume"...},
        "rod": {"object_type": "TubsVolume"...},
        "waterbox_with_hole": {
            "user_info": {"name": "waterbox_with_hole"...},
            "object_type": "BooleanVolume",
            "object_type_full": "<class 'opengate.geometry.volumes.BooleanVolume'>",
            "class_module": "opengate.geometry.volumes",
            "i_am_a_gate_object": true
        },
        "patient": {"object_type": "ImageVolume"...}
    "parallel_world_volumes": []
"physics_manager": {"object_type": "PhysicsManager"...}
```

Contribute to GATE 10

GATE 10 is an open-source community project, just as GATE 9.x has been. Any contribution is welcome!

https://github.com/OpenGATE/opengate

More than 100 tests/examples in the repository to get you started.

Documentation (in progress). You can edit the doc online.

https://opengate-python.readthedocs.io/

Work with GATE 10 as a user

- Install GATE 10 on your machine and start working with it.
- pip install --pre opengate
- Ask questions via the GATE mailing list: see http://www.opengatecollaboration.org
- Report issues via github: https://github.com/OpenGATE/opengate/issues

Every feedback is welcome!



Thanks for listening